

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION

(PCT Rule 61.2)

From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24
Arlington, VA 22202
ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE
in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 18 June 2001 (18.06.01)	
International application No. PCT/IB00/01197	Applicant's or agent's file reference INV1050
International filing date (day/month/year) 29 August 2000 (29.08.00)	Priority date (day/month/year) 03 September 1999 (03.09.99)
Applicant SARTORE, Almerigo	

1. The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:

☒ in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
03 April 2001 (03.04.01)

☐ in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:

2. The election ☒ was
☐ was not

made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35	Authorized officer Olivia TEFY Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38
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(12) INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date
15 March 2001 (15.03.2001)

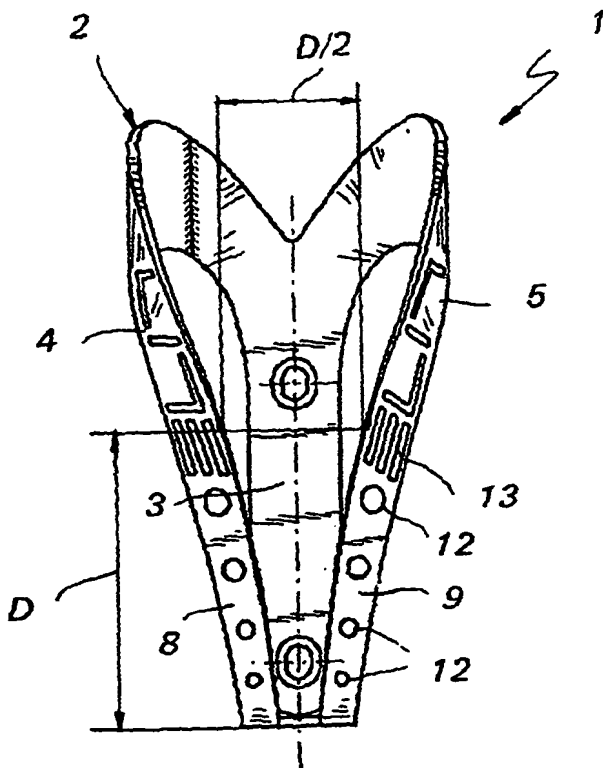
PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 01/17845 A1

- (51) International Patent Classification⁷: **B62J 11/00** (74) Agent: MAROSCIA, Antonio; Maroscia & Associati S.R.L., Corso Palladio, 42, I-36100 Vicenza (IT).
- (21) International Application Number: PCT/IB00/01197
- (22) International Filing Date: 29 August 2000 (29.08.2000)
- (25) Filing Language: English
- (26) Publication Language: English
- (30) Priority Data: VI99U000073 ✓ 3 September 1999 (03.09.1999) IT
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- (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): SARTORE, Almerigo [IT/IT]; Via Velo, 47, I-35014 Fontaniva (IT).
- (81) Designated States (*national*): CA, JP, US.
- (84) Designated States (*regional*): European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE).
- Published:
— With international search report.

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: SUPPORT STRUCTURE FOR BICYCLE BOTTLES AND SIMILAR CONTAINERS



(57) Abstract: A support structure for bicycle bottles, or similar containers comprises a cage-like or three-dimensional supporting frame (2) and anchoring means (6, 7) for securing to a bicycle frame or to a similar member. The supporting structure (2) comprises a rear post (3) with two arms (4, 5) extending from its upper end, said arms being substantially symmetrical and diverging from each other. The arms (4, 5) are at least partially bent upwardly, forwardly and downwardly in order to embrace the lateral wall of a bottle (B), the lower end portions (8, 9) of the arms converge and are connected to each other to form a lower appendix (10) directed towards the post (3) that is suitable to support the bottom wall of the bottle (B). The arms (4, 5) and the post (3) are positioned over a substantially cylindrical surface whose inner diameter (D) is slightly larger than the outer diameter (Ø) of the bottle (B). The maximum span (d) between the inner edges of the converging lower ends (8, 9) of the arms is smaller than or equal to the half of the inner diameter (D) at a distance (h) from the appendix (10) that is substantially equal to the inner diameter (D). The support structure exhibits a reduced weight, an improved drag efficiency, a larger file of the bicycle bottle. INV10501

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SUPPORT STRUCTURE FOR BICYCLE BOTTLES AND SIMILAR CONTAINERS

Field of the invention

- 5 The present invention relates to a support structure for bicycle bottles suitable for practising sports and leisure, or for similar containers, of the type comprising a cage-like or three dimensional supporting frame, as well as anchoring means for attaching to a bicycle frame or to a similar member.

10

Background of the invention

- Supports of the above mentioned type are known in the art, wherein the supporting frame is formed by a wire wound and bent in different ways, and so shaped as to house a bicycle bottle. An example of said known conventional supports is disclosed in the Italian application for utility model application
15 No. VI93U000020 filed by the same applicant.

- Several drawbacks and shortcomings of said known types of supports are to be found in their excessive cost and weight, in their limited gripping action on the
20 bottle, in their remarkable cross sectional encumbrance and in their insufficient aerodynamic efficiency.

Summary of the invention

- 25 The support structure according to the present invention aims at overcoming the above mentioned drawbacks, by providing a support structure for bicycle bottles and similar containers that features a remarkable cost-effectiveness, enhanced mechanical gripping action on the bottle, and further a reduced encumbrance and a suitably enhanced aerodynamic efficiency.

30

The above aim is accomplished by a support of the above outlined type which, according to claim 1, is characterised in that said supporting frame comprises a rear anchoring post with an upper end, two arms extending from the upper end and being substantially symmetrical and diverging from each other, said arms
5 further being at least partially bent upwardly, forwardly, and downwardly so as to embrace the lateral wall of a bicycle bottle, the lower ends of said arms converging and being reciprocally joined so as to form a lower appendix directed towards said post, said appendix being suitable for supporting the bottom wall of said bicycle bottle.

10

Advantageously the arms and the post of said supporting frame are located over a substantially cylindrical surface having an inner diameter that is slightly larger than that of the bicycle bottle or container to be supported.

15 A main feature of the present invention is that the minimum distance between the inner edges of the lower converging ends of said arms is substantially equal or smaller than the half of said inner diameter at a distance from said appendix that is equal or smaller than said inner diameter. Thanks to this relationship, the supporting structure guarantees an excellent gripping action on the bicycle
20 bottle even in heavy situations.

Advantageously, the inner diameter of the cylindrical surface is sized so as to be capable of supporting cycling bottles having a diameter that is shorter than the standard lengths, so as to reduce the encumbering width of the supporting
25 frame and to increase its aerodynamic efficiency.

Brief description of the drawings

Further features and advantages will be more apparent from the detailed
30 description of several preferred embodiments of the support structure according

to the present invention, illustrated by way of not limiting examples with reference to the annexed tables of drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 represents a front view of a first embodiment of the support structure without gripping means for a bottle;

5 Fig. 2 represents a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 1, sectioned along a diametral vertical plane;

Fig. 3 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 1;

Fig. 4 is a front view of a second embodiment of support structure according to the present invention;

10 Fig. 5 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 4, sectioned along a diametral sectional plane;

Fig. 6 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 4;

Fig. 7 is a sectional view in greater scale of a detail of Fig. 4;

Fig. 8 is a front view of a third embodiment of support structure
15 according to the present invention;

Fig. 9 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 8 sectioned along a diametral vertical plane;

Fig. 10 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 8;

Fig. 11 is a sectional view in greater scale of a detail of Fig. 8;

20 Fig. 12 is a front view of a fourth embodiment of support structure according to the present invention;

Fig. 13 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 12, sectioned along a vertical diametral plane;

Fig. 14 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 12;

25 Fig. 15 is a sectional view in greater scale of a detail of Fig. 14;

Fig. 16 is a front view of a fifth support structure according to the present invention;

Fig. 17 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 16;

30 Fig. 18 is a lateral view of the support of Fig. 16 sectioned along a vertical diametral plane;

Fig. 19 is a general perspective view of a support structure for bicycle bottles of the present invention in its operating condition.

Description of a preferred form of embodiment

5

With reference to the figures, a support structure for bicycle bottles and similar containers, overall indicated with the reference numeral 1, comprises a supporting frame 2 made of a relatively rigid material, suitable to house and removably hold internally thereof a bottle B schematically depicted in Fig. 19
10 with dotted lines.

According to the invention, the supporting frame 2 essentially comprises a back anchoring post 3 extending along a longitudinal axis L, with two supporting arms 4, 5 extending from the upper end of post 3.

15

Preferably, post 3 has a substantially "C" shaped section and is provided with means for anchoring to a bicycle frame or a similar member. In this particular case, said anchoring means consist of two holes 6 formed in corresponding recesses 7 for screw heads.

20

Arms 4, 5 are symmetrical and diverging from the longitudinal axis L, and they are bent along a curved space line first upwardly, then forwardly and eventually downwardly in order to embrace the lateral wall of bottle B.

25 Suitably, the lower ends 8, 9 of arms 4,5 converge and are reciprocally joined so as to form a substantially "V" or "U" shaped lower appendix 10 directed towards post 3 and adapted to support the bottom wall of bottle B.

Suitably, the post 3 and the arms 4, 5 are located along a substantially
30 cylindrical surface having an inner diameter D that is slightly larger than

diameter \emptyset of bottle B.

The lower ends 8, 9 of arms 4, 5 are formed so as to be capable of holding bottle B in a stable and reliable manner in every operating conditions, thereby
5 avoiding any accidental removal thereof from the space between the inside edges of arms 4, 5.

To this end, at a predetermined distance h from appendix 10, the span d between the inside edges of lower converging edges 8, 9 of arms 4, 5 has a
10 predetermined maximum value.

In particular, at a distance h which equals to the value D of the inner diameter of the supporting frame 2, the span d is smaller than or equal to the value of said inner diameter D .

15

Such a condition may be summarised as follows:

$$\text{for } h = D \Rightarrow d = D/2$$

Preferably, the width of arms 4, 5 in correspondence of their curved upper areas
20 is slightly smaller than half the length of the inner diameter, more specifically it is approximately equal to $D/2.2$.

The inner diameter D is sized so as to house bottles having an outer diameter \emptyset smaller than their standard sizes, so as to reduce the encumbering width of the
25 supporting frame, thus remarkably reducing the transversal encumbrance and the aerodynamic drag, and optimising the aerodynamic efficiency of the bottle support. By way of example, the diameter D may range between 40 mm. and 50 mm., and may preferably be 45 mm long.

30 Preferably, the post 3 and the arms 4, 5 are unitarily formed and have a plate

configuration with a plane cross-section so as to define a supporting frame 2 of a continuous and monolithic type, that can be obtained by moulding or injection moulding.

- 5 For example, monolithic structure 2 may be produced starting from a metal plate or from a multi-sandwich type plastic sheet.

The supporting structure 2 may be provided with one or more lightening holes 11, 12 or with slits shaped as a writing or a symbol positioned peripherally of
10 the frame and along arms 4, 5.

In general, the supporting structure 2 may be provided with the bottle gripping means located along arms 4, 5.

- 15 In the embodiment shown in Figs. 1 to 3, no gripping means are provided, because such function is uniquely exerted by the plastic material forming the supporting frame 2.

The embodiment shown in Figures 4 to 7 differs from the previous one only in
20 that the gripping means consist of a centrally located pad 14 formed by an ellipsoidal shaped plate 15 made of a relatively rigid material that is anchored to portions 8, 9 of arms 4, 5, the pad 14 centrally supports a ball 16 resiliently held by a boss 17 made of a resiliently flexible material, rubber or plastics for example. Thus, bottle B will be resiliently clamped by the ball 16 against the
25 elastic biasing action of boss 17.

The embodiment shown in Figures 8 to 11 differs from the previous one only in that the gripping means consist of a resilient pad 18 made of a boss 19 of resiliently flexible material, held by an ellipsoidally shaped connecting plate 20.

The resiliently flexible material forming the boss may be chosen among the group including gels, rubbers or plastic materials.

5 The embodiment shown in Fig. 12 to 15 differs from the previous one only in that the gripping means for the bottle B consist of a pair of substantially identical supports 21, each formed by a metal or plastic shell 22 which can be inserted into corresponding seats of portions 8, 9 of arms 4, 5, each shell housing internally thereof a pad 23 made of gel, rubber or formed by a small air chamber.

10

The embodiment shown in Fig. 16 to 18 differs from the previous ones essentially in that the gripping means for bottle B consist of a series of small elliptical rubber or plastic pads 24 formed on post 3 and provided with one or more transverse chevron groves 25, permitting the downward insertion of the
15 bottle into the support frame while preventing upward easy removal thereof. The gripping means further comprise two rubber or plastic lips 26 inserted on to the upper edges of arms 4, 5 to further increase the gripping action on bottle B.

According to the foregoing description, it is clear that the support accomplishes
20 its aims and particularly entails reduced weight, limited encumbrance reduced aerodynamic drag, and higher reliability in terms of capability to firmly hold the bottle.

The instant application is based upon Italian patent application VI99U000073,
25 filed on 3 September 1999, the disclosure of which is hereby expressly incorporated by reference thereto, and the priority of which is hereby claimed.

CLAIMS

1. A support structure for bicycle bottles or similar containers (B), comprising a unitary supporting cage-like or three dimensional frame (2), anchoring means (6, 7) for securing to a bicycle frame or to a similar member, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) comprises a rear anchoring post (3) with an upper end from which two substantially symmetrical and diverging arms (4, 5) extend, said arms (4, 5) being at least partially bent upwardly, forwardly and downwardly so as to embrace the lateral wall of a bottle (B), the lower ends (8, 9) of said arms (4, 5) converging and being reciprocally joined so as to form a lower appendix (10) directed towards the post (3), and adapted to support the bottom wall of the bottle (B).
2. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said arms (4, 5) and said post (3) are located along a substantially cylindrical surface having an inner diameter (D) that is slightly larger than the conventional diameter (\emptyset) of the bottle (B) to be supported.
3. Support structure according to claim 2, characterised in that the inside edges of the lower converging ends (8, 9) of said arms house a maximum span (d) that is smaller than or equal to the half of said inner diameter (D) at a distance (h) from said appendix that is substantially equal to said inner diameter (D).
4. Support structure according to claim 2, characterised in that said inner diameter (D) has a predetermined side ranging between 40 mm and 50 mm and preferably equal to approximately 45 mm so as to be smaller than those of traditional bottles and to reduce the transversal

encumbrance of the supporting frame (2).

- 5 5. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said arms (4, 5) and said post (3) are unitarily formed and in that they have a substantially plate configuration with plane cross-section so as to define a monolithic supporting frame.
- 10 6. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) is formed starting from a metal plate or from a plastic sheet.
- 15 7. Support for bottle according to claim 1, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) is provided with one or more lightening holes (11, 12, 13) peripherally located along said arms.
- 15 8. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) is provided with means for gripping the bottle located along said arms.
- 20 9. Support structure according to claim 8, characterised in that said gripping means comprise at least a resilient pad (17, 19, 23).
- 25 10. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said gripping means comprise at least a planar element (15, 20, 22) made of a relatively rigid material that houses internally thereof a pad made of a resiliently flexible material.
- 30 11. Support structure according to claim 10, characterised in that said resiliently flexible pad comprises a rigid spherical member (16) held in place by a boss (17) made of a resiliently flexible material.

12. Support structure according to claim 10 or 11, characterised in that said resiliently flexible material is chosen in the group comprising gels, rubbers or plastic materials.
- 5 13. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said ripping means comprises at least a pad (24) of rubber or plastic material located along said post (3).
- 10 14. Support structure according to claim 13, characterised in that each pad (24) has at least one transverse chevron groove (25) so shaped to permit downward insertion and preventing easy upward removal of a bottle within said support frame (2).
- 15 15. Support structure according to claim 13, characterised in that said gripping means further comprises at least one rubber or plastics lips (26) fitted onto the upper edges of said arms (4, 5) to further hold the bottle (B) upon location thereof into said supporting frame (2).

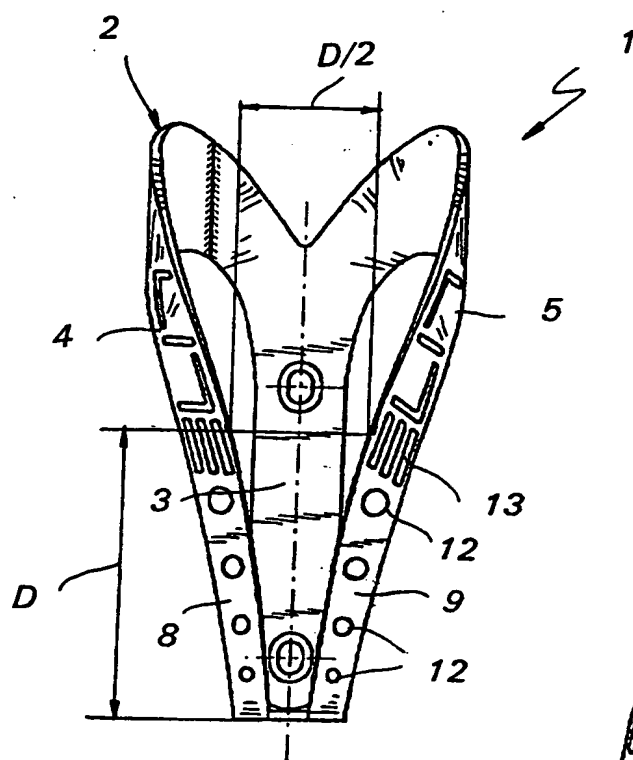


Fig. 1

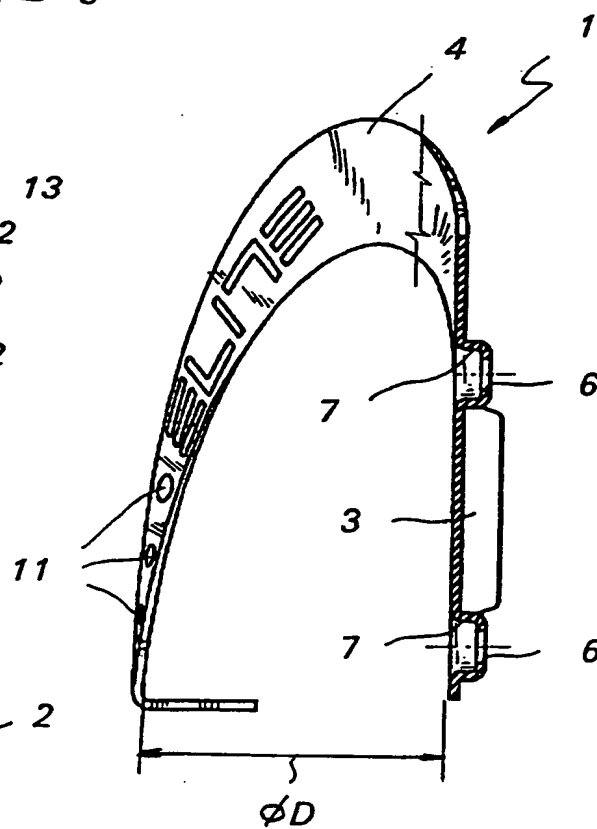


Fig. 2

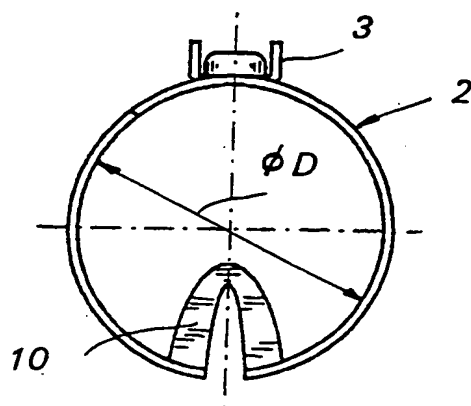


Fig. 3

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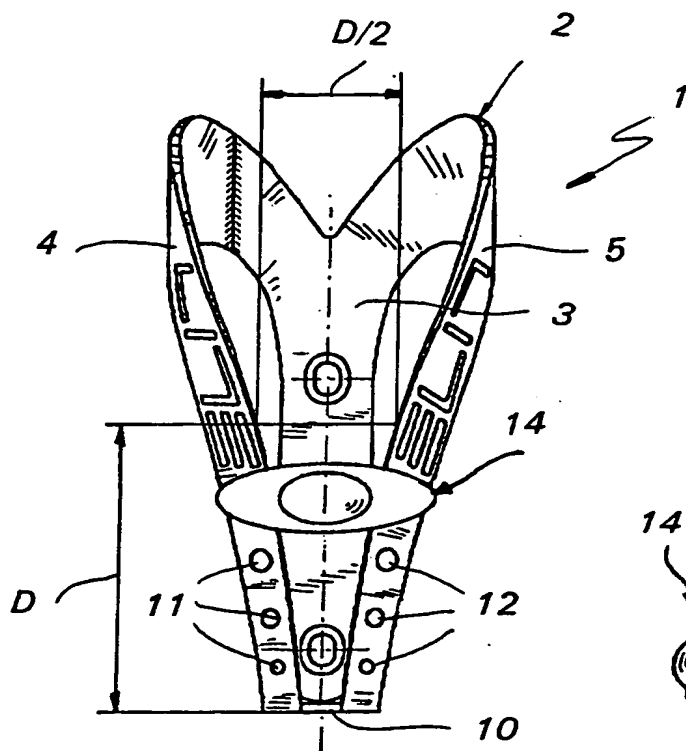


Fig. 4

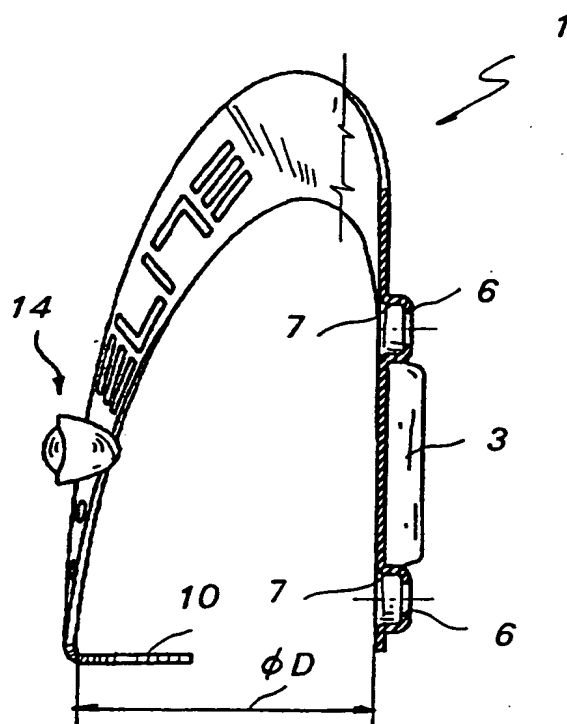


Fig. 5

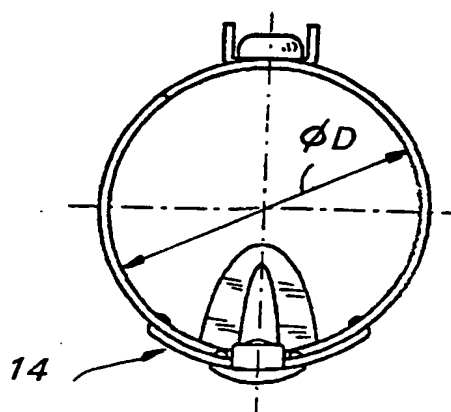


Fig. 6

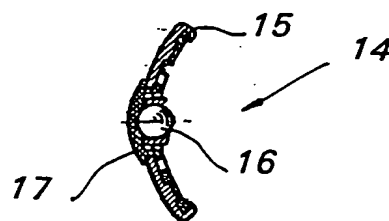


Fig. 7

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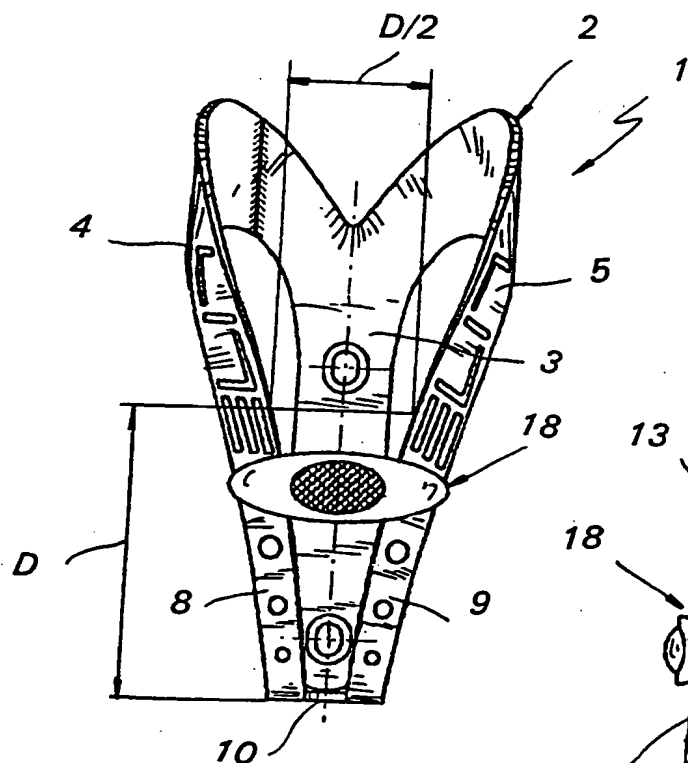


Fig. 8

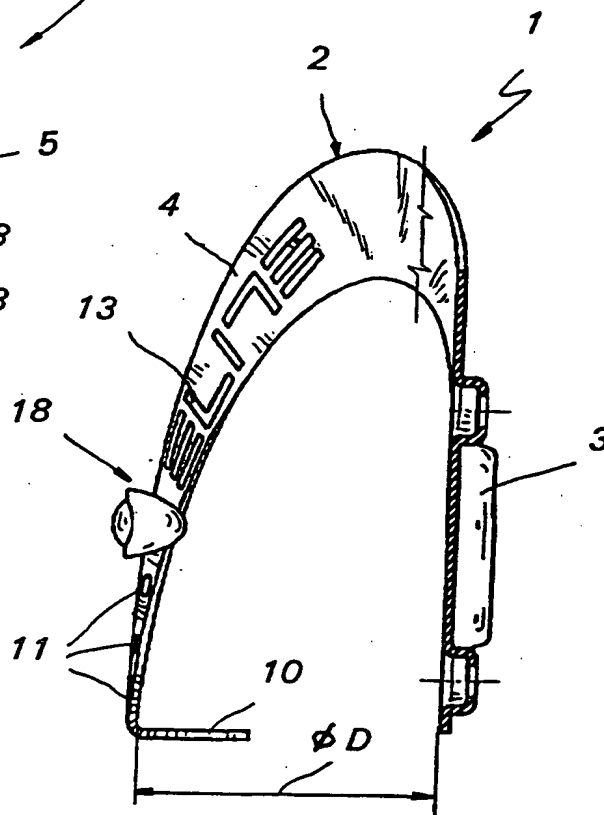


Fig. 9

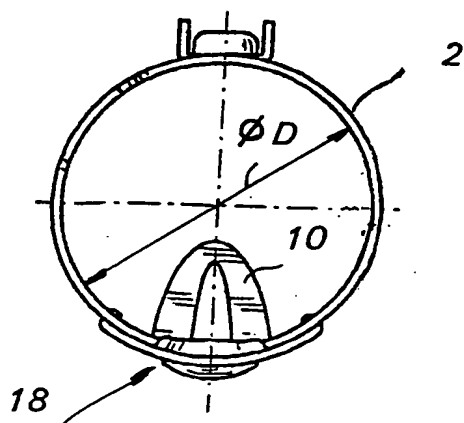


Fig. 10

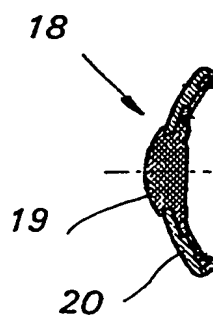


Fig. 11

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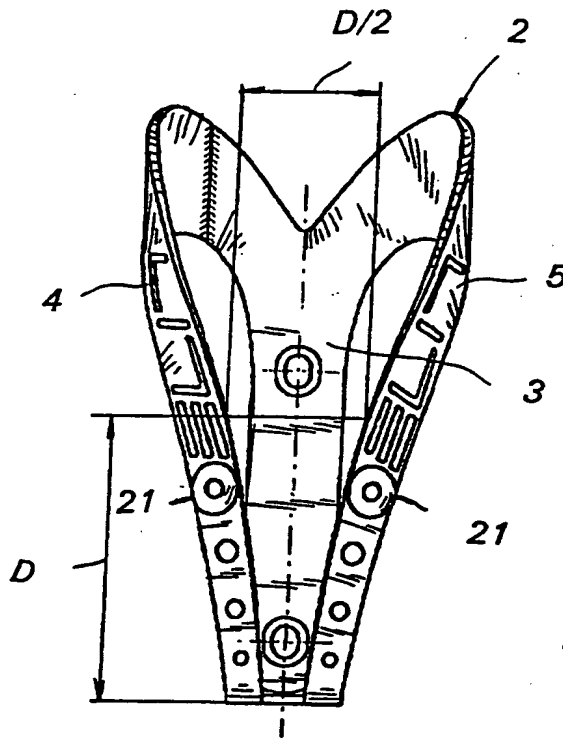


Fig. 12

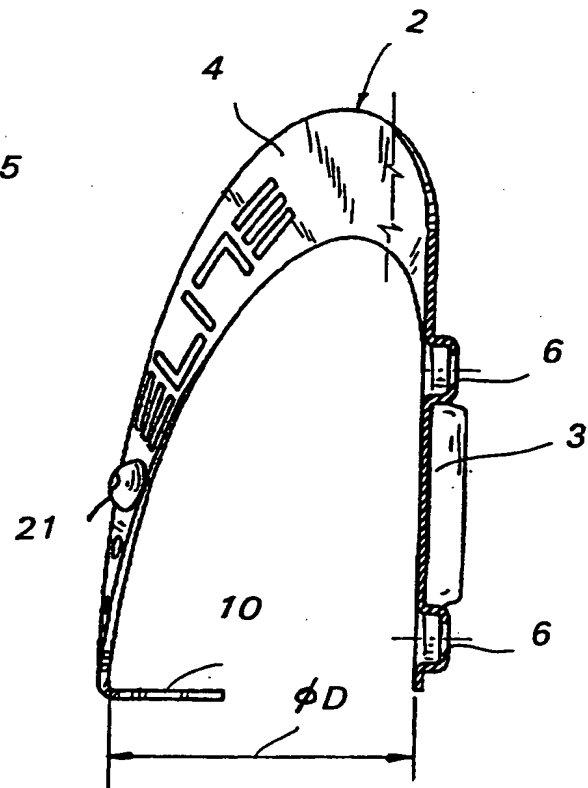


Fig. 13

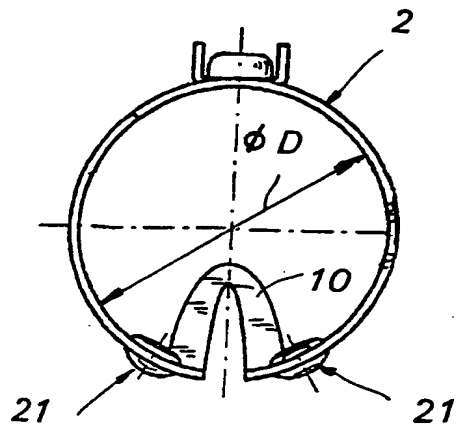


Fig. 14

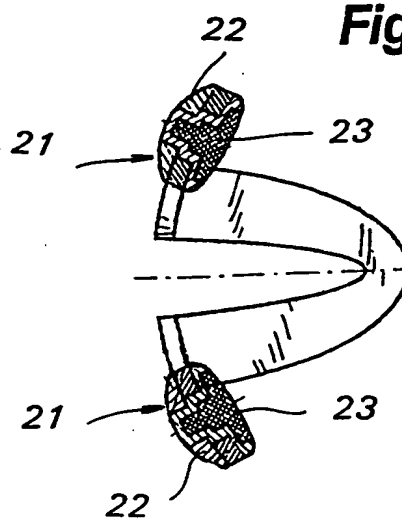
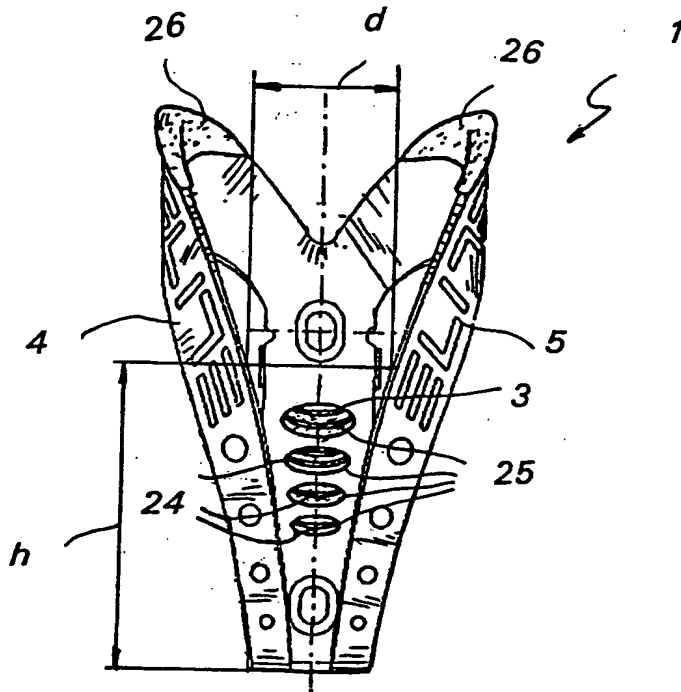
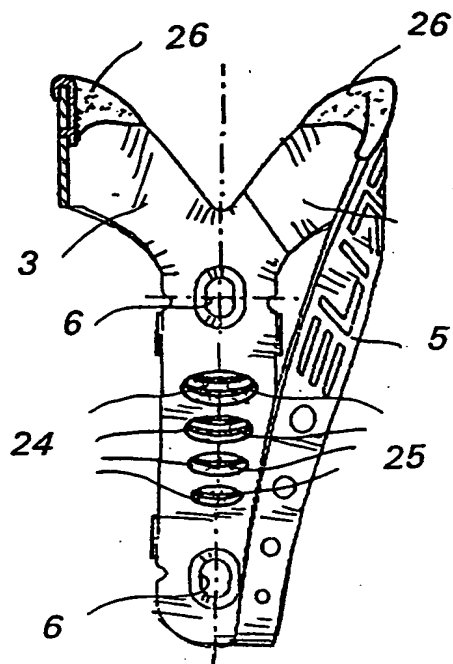
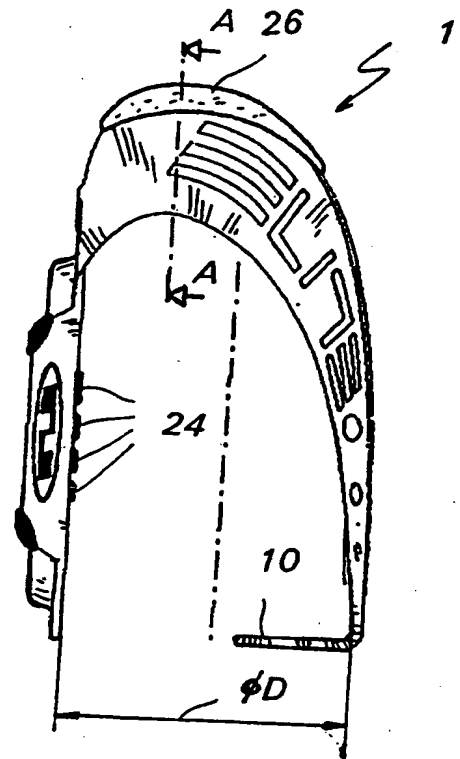


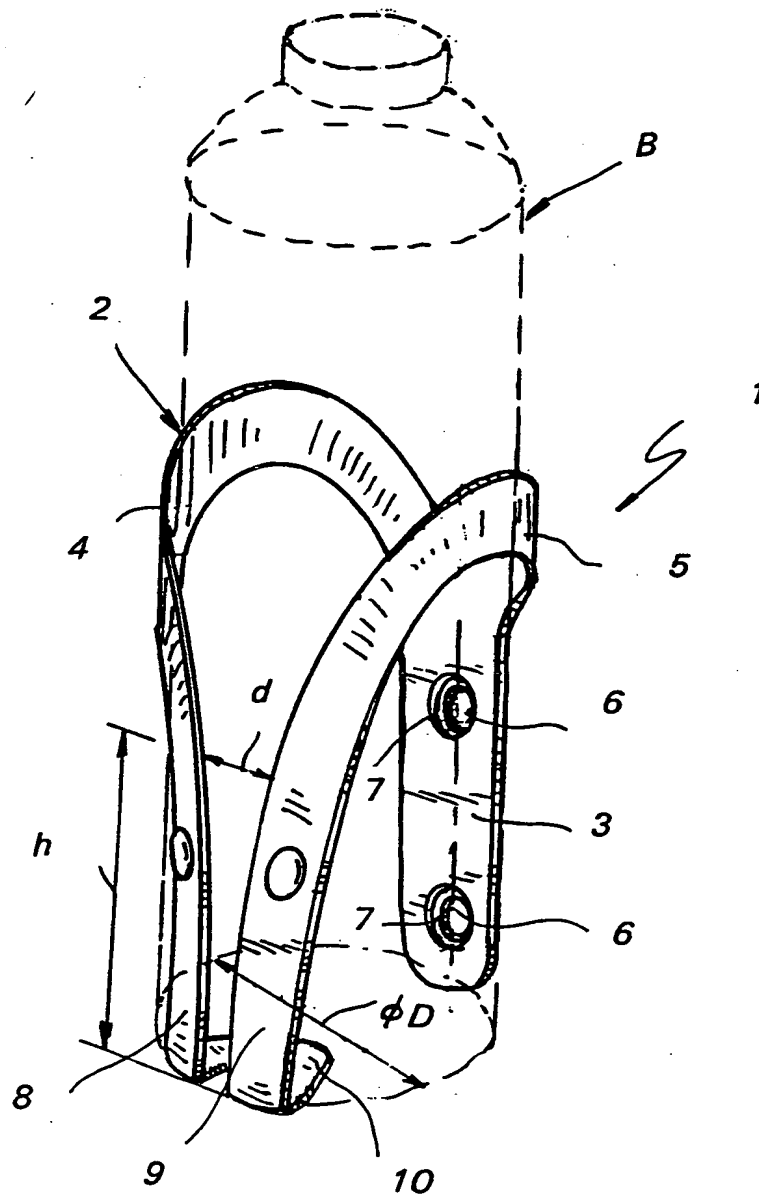
Fig. 15

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5/6

**Fig. 16****Fig. 18****Fig. 17**

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**Fig. 19**

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/IB 00/01197

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 B62J11/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 B62J

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	EP 0 523 379 A (CANNONDALE CORP) 20 January 1993 (1993-01-20)	1-3,5,13
Y	column 3, line 18 -column 4, line 48; figures	7-9,15
A		4,6,10, 14
Y	US 4 009 810 A (SHOOK WILLIAM BLAIR) 1 March 1977 (1977-03-01) column 1, line 46 -column 2, line 22; figures	8,9,15
Y	FR 2 615 158 A (GASPARD LOUIS) 18 November 1988 (1988-11-18) claims 1,10; figures	7

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- *8* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

1 December 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

11/12/2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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Authorized officer

Grunfeld, M

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/IB 00/01197

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
EP 0523379	A	20-01-1993	US JP	5145138 A 5305887 A	08-09-1992 19-11-1993
US 4009810	A	01-03-1977	NONE		
FR 2615158	A	18-11-1988	NONE		

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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

REC'D 07 NOV 2001

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference 1050	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)	
International application No. PCT/IB00/01197	International filing date (day/month/year) 29/08/2000	Priority date (day/month/year) 03/09/1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC B62J11/00		
Applicant ELITE SRL et al.		

1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.



2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.

- ☒ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).

These annexes consist of a total of ¹³~~12~~ sheets.

3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:

- I ☒ Basis of the report
- II ☐ Priority
- III ☐ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability
- IV ☐ Lack of unity of invention
- V ☒ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- VI ☐ Certain documents cited
- VII ☒ Certain defects in the international application
- VIII ☐ Certain observations on the international application

Date of submission of the demand 03/04/2001	Date of completion of this report 05.11.2001
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:  European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465	Authorized officer Avisse, M Telephone No. +49 89 2399 7214 

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**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY
EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/IB00/01197

I. Basis of the report

1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (*Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)*):

Description, pages:

3-6	as originally filed		
2a	as received on	05/04/2001	with letter of 03/04/2001
1,2,7	with telefax of	01/10/2001	

Claims, No.:

1-14	with telefax of	01/10/2001
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Drawings, sheets:

1/6-6/6	with telefax of	01/10/2001
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2. With regard to the **language**, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:

- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).
- ☐ the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).
- ☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).

3. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:

- ☐ contained in the international application in written form.
- ☐ filed together with the international application in computer readable form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.
- ☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.
- ☐ The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.
- ☐ The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.

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**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY
EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/IB00/01197

4. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:

- ☐ the description, pages:
- ☐ the claims, Nos.:
- ☐ the drawings, sheets:

5. ☐ This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):

(Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.)

6. Additional observations, if necessary:

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Yes:	Claims	1-14
	No:	Claims	
Inventive step (IS)	Yes:	Claims	1-14
	No:	Claims	
Industrial applicability (IA)	Yes:	Claims	1-14
	No:	Claims	

2. Citations and explanations
see separate sheet

VII. Certain defects in the international application

The following defects in the form or contents of the international application have been noted:
see separate sheet

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**INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY
EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET**

International application No. PCT/IB00/01197

Re Item V

The subject-matter of claim 1 appears to satisfy the criteria of novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability.

The document EP 0 523 379 is regarded as being the closest prior art to the subject-matter of claim 1 and discloses a support structure for bicycle bottles or similar containers comprising all the features of the preamble of claim 1 of the present application.

The subject-matter of claim 1 differs from document EP 0 523 379 in the specific curved form of the arms.

This specific form of the arms solves the problem of improving the aerodynamic efficiency and the gripping action of the support structure.

The combination of the features of claim 1 is neither known nor rendered obvious by the available prior art.

Claims 2-14 are dependent on claim 1 and as such also meet the requirements of the PCT with respect to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability.

Re Item VII

There appears to be some clerical errors, e.g. see the word "o" (page 1, line 6), reference sign "ØD" (figure 14).

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SUPPORT STRUCTURE FOR BICYCLE BOTTLES AND SIMILAR CONTAINERS

Field of the invention

5 The present invention relates to a support structure for bicycle bottles suitable for practising sports and leisure, or for similar containers, of the type comprising a cage-like or three dimensional supporting frame, as well as anchoring means for attaching to a bicycle frame or to a similar member.

Background of the invention

10 Supports of the above mentioned type are known in the art, wherein the supporting frame is formed by a wire wound and bent in different ways, and so shaped as to house a bicycle bottle. An example of said known conventional
15 supports is disclosed in the Italian application for utility model application No. VI93U000020 filed by the same applicant.

Several drawbacks and shortcomings of said known types of supports are to be found in their excessive cost and weight, in their limited gripping action on the bottle,
20 in their remarkable cross sectional encumbrance and in their low aerodynamic efficiency.

EP-A-0523379 discloses a supporting structure for bicycle bottles including all the features mentioned in the preamble of claim 1, namely a supporting frame
25 comprising an anchoring post extending along a longitudinal axis and having anchoring means, two substantially symmetrical diverging arms extending transversely away from an upper end of the anchoring post, the free ends of the arms converging and being reciprocally joined so as to form a lower appendix directed transversely towards the anchoring post to support the bottom wall of the
30 bottle, the arms and the post being located along a substantially cylindrical surface having an inner diameter that is slightly larger than the conventional diameter of the bottle to be supported

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Such known support structure is further provided with a retainer portion that extends from the upper end of the post to engage the shoulder of the bottle.

- 5 The above sharp bends of the arms, the retainer portion at the upper end of the post and the sudden variation of the span between the arms reduce the overall aerodynamic efficiency of the supporting structure, especially when this latter is bottle free.

10

Summary of the invention

- The support structure according to the present invention aims at overcoming the above mentioned drawbacks, by providing a support structure for bicycle bottles and similar containers that features a remarkable cost-effectiveness, enhanced
15 mechanical gripping action on the bottle, and further a reduced encumbrance and a suitably enhanced aerodynamic efficiency.

- Sub 3*
20 The above aim is accomplished by a support structure as outlined above in which, according to claim 1, said arms comprise first portions extending from the upper end of said anchoring post in a longitudinal direction away from said lower appendix and second portions extending in a longitudinal direction towards said lower appendix, said first and second portions being continuously connected and bent along a curved space line with no sharp bends, the inside edges of said arms having lower converging ends and a span that is continuously
25 increasing along said first portions and continuously decreasing along said second portions towards said lower appendix.

Thanks to the smooth variation of the arm profiles the support structure exhibits an excellent aerodynamic efficiency.

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The above aim is accomplished by a support of the above outlined type which, according to claim 1, is characterised in that said supporting frame comprises a rear anchoring post with an upper end, two arms extending from the upper end and being substantially symmetrical and diverging from each other, said arms
5 further being at least partially bent upwardly, forwardly, and downwardly so as to embrace the lateral wall of a bicycle bottle, the lower ends of said arms converging and being reciprocally joined so as to form a lower appendix directed towards said post, said appendix being suitable for supporting the bottom wall of said bicycle bottle.

10

Advantageously the arms and the post of said supporting frame are located over a substantially cylindrical surface having an inner diameter that is slightly larger than that of the bicycle bottle or container to be supported.

15 A main feature of the present invention is that the minimum distance between the inner edges of the lower converging ends of said arms is substantially equal or smaller than the half of said inner diameter at a distance from said appendix that is equal or smaller than said inner diameter. Thanks to this relationship, the supporting structure guarantees an excellent gripping action on the bicycle bottle
20 even in heavy situations.

Advantageously, the inner diameter of the cylindrical surface is sized so as to be capable of supporting cycling bottles having a diameter that is shorter than the standard lengths, so as to reduce the encumbering width of the supporting frame
25 and to increase its aerodynamic efficiency.

Brief description of the drawings

Further features and advantages will be more apparent from the detailed
30 description of several preferred embodiments of the support structure according

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to the present invention, illustrated by way of not limiting examples with reference to the annexed tables of drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 represents a front view of a first embodiment of the support structure without gripping means for a bottle;

5 Fig. 2 represents a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 1, sectioned along a diametral vertical plane;

Fig. 3 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 1;

Fig. 4 is a front view of a second embodiment of support structure according to the present invention;

10 Fig. 5 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 4, sectioned along a diametral sectional plane;

Fig. 6 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 4;

Fig. 7 is a sectional view in greater scale of a detail of Fig. 4;

15 Fig. 8 is a front view of a third embodiment of support structure according to the present invention;

Fig. 9 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 8 sectioned along a diametral vertical plane;

Fig. 10 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 8;

Fig. 11 is a sectional view in greater scale of a detail of Fig. 8;

20 Fig. 12 is a front view of a fourth embodiment of support structure according to the present invention;

Fig. 13 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 12, sectioned along a vertical diametral plane;

Fig. 14 is a plan view from above of the support structure of Fig. 12;

25 Fig. 15 is a sectional view in greater scale of a detail of Fig. 14;

Fig. 16 is a front view of a fifth support structure according to the present invention;

Fig. 17 is a lateral view of the support structure of Fig. 16;

30 Fig. 18 is a lateral view of the support of Fig. 16 sectioned along a vertical diametral plane;

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Fig. 19 is a general perspective view of a support structure for bicycle bottles of the present invention in its operating condition.

Description of a preferred form of embodiment

5

With reference to the figures, a support structure for bicycle bottles and similar containers, overall indicated with the reference numeral 1, comprises a supporting frame 2 made of a relatively rigid material, suitable to house and removably hold internally thereof a bottle B schematically depicted in Fig. 19 with dotted lines.

10

According to the invention, the supporting frame 2 essentially comprises a back anchoring post 3 extending along a longitudinal axis (L) with two supporting arms 4, 5 extending from the upper end of post 3.

15

Preferably, post 3 has a substantially "C" shaped section and is provided with means for anchoring to a bicycle frame or a similar member. In this particular case, said anchoring means consist of two holes 6 formed in corresponding recesses 7 for screw heads.

20

Arms 4, 5 are symmetrical and diverging from the longitudinal axis L, and they are bent along a curved space line first upwardly, then forwardly and eventually downwardly in order to embrace the lateral wall of bottle B.

25 Suitably, the lower ends 8, 9 of arms 4,5 converge and are reciprocally joined so as to form a substantially "V" or "U" shaped lower appendix 10 directed towards post 3 and adapted to support the bottom wall of bottle B.

Suitably, the post 3 and the arms 4, 5 are located along a substantially
30 cylindrical surface having an inner diameter D that is slightly larger than

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diameter \emptyset of bottle B.

The lower ends 8, 9 of arms 4, 5 are formed so as to be capable of holding bottle B in a stable and reliable manner in every operating conditions, thereby
5 avoiding any accidental removal thereof from the space between the inside edges of arms 4, 5.

To this end, at a predetermined distance h from appendix 10, the span d between the inside edges of lower converging edges 8, 9 of arms 4, 5 has a
10 predetermined maximum value.

In particular, at a distance h which equals to the value D of the inner diameter of the supporting frame 2, the span d is smaller than or equal to the value of said inner diameter D.

15

Such a condition may be summarised as follows:

$$\text{for } h = D \Rightarrow d = D/2$$

Preferably, the width of arms 4, 5 in correspondence of their curved upper areas
20 is slightly smaller than half the length of the inner diameter, more specifically it is approximately equal to $D/2.2$.

The inner diameter D is sized so as to house bottles having an outer diameter \emptyset smaller than their standard sizes, so as to reduce the encumbering width of the
25 supporting frame, thus remarkably reducing the transversal encumbrance and the aerodynamic drag, and optimising the aerodynamic efficiency of the bottle support. By way of example, the diameter D may range between 40 mm. and 50 mm., and may preferably be 45 mm long.

30 Preferably, the post 3 and the arms 4, 5 are unitarily formed and have a plate

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configuration with a plane cross-section so as to define a supporting frame 2 of a continuous and monolithic type, that can be obtained by moulding or injection moulding.

- 5 For example, monolithic structure 2 may be produced starting from a metal plate or from a multi-sandwich type plastic sheet.

The supporting structure 2 may be provided with one or more lightening holes 11, 12 or with slits shaped as a writing or a symbol positioned peripherally of
10 the frame and along arms 4, 5.

In general, the supporting structure 2 may be provided with the bottle gripping means located along arms 4, 5.

- 15 In the embodiment shown in Figs. 1 to 3, no gripping means are provided, because such function is uniquely exerted by the plastic material forming the supporting frame 2.

The embodiment shown in Figures 4 to 7 differs from the previous one only in
20 that the gripping means consist of a centrally located pad 14 formed by an ellipsoidal shaped plate 15 made of a relatively rigid material that is anchored to portions 8, 9 of arms 4, 5, the pad 14 centrally supports a ball 16 resiliently held by a boss 17 made of a resiliently flexible material, rubber or plastics for example. Thus, bottle B will be resiliently clamped by the ball 16 against the
25 elastic biasing action of boss 17.

The embodiment shown in Figures 8 to 11 differs from the previous one only in that the gripping means consist of a resilient pad 18 made of a boss 19 of resiliently flexible material, held by an ellipsoidally shaped connecting plate 20.

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The resiliently flexible material forming the boss may be chosen among the group including gels, rubbers or plastic materials.

5 The embodiment shown in Fig. 12 to 15 differs from the previous one only in that the gripping means for the bottle B consist of a pair of substantially identical supports 21, each formed by a metal or plastic shell 22 which can be inserted into corresponding seats of portions 8, 9 of arms 4, 5, each shell housing internally thereof a pad 23 made of gel, rubber or formed by a small air chamber.

10

The embodiment shown in Fig. 16 to 18 differs from the previous ones essentially in that the gripping means for bottle B consist of a series of small elliptical rubber or plastic pads 24 formed on post 3 and provided with one or more transverse chevron ^{grooves} ~~grooves~~ 25, permitting the downward insertion of the bottle into the support frame while preventing upward easy removal thereof. 15 The gripping means further comprise two rubber or plastic lips 26 inserted on to the upper edges of arms 4, 5 to further increase the gripping action on bottle B.

20 According to the foregoing description, it is clear that the support accomplishes its aims and particularly entails reduced weight, limited encumbrance reduced aerodynamic drag, and higher reliability in terms of capability to firmly hold the bottle.

25 The instant application is based upon Italian patent application VI99U000073, filed on 3 September 1999, the disclosure of which is hereby expressly incorporated by reference thereto, and the priority of which is hereby claimed.

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AMENDED CLAIMS

1. A support structure for bicycle bottles or ~~similar~~ containers (B), comprising a unitary supporting cage-like or three dimensional frame (2) defining a longitudinal axis (L), said supporting frame (2) comprising an anchoring post (3) extending substantially parallel to said longitudinal frame and having anchoring means (6, 7) for attachment thereof to a bicycle frame or to a similar member, two diverging arms (4, 5) substantially symmetrical with respect to said longitudinal axis (L) and extending transversely away from an upper end of said anchoring post (3) so as to embrace the lateral wall of a bottle (B), the free ends (8, 9) of said arms (4, 5) converging and being reciprocally joined so as to form a lower appendix (10) directed transversely towards said anchoring post (3) and adapted to support the bottom wall of the bottle (B), said arms (4, 5) and said post (3) being located along a substantially cylindrical surface having an inner diameter (D) that is slightly larger than the conventional diameter ¹¹² (Ø) of the bottle (B) to be supported, characterised in that said arms (4, 5) comprise first portions extending from the upper end of said anchoring post (3) in a longitudinal direction away from said lower appendix (10), and second portions extending in a longitudinal direction towards said lower appendix (10), which first and second portions are continuously connected and bent along a curved space line with no sharp bends, the inside edges of said arms (4, 5) having lower converging ends (8, 9) and a span that is continuously increasing along said first portions and continuously decreasing along said second portions towards said lower appendix (10).
2. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that the span between the inside edges of said lower converging ends (8, 9) has a maximum value (d) smaller than or equal to the half of said inner diameter (D) at a distance from said appendix that is substantially equal

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to said inner diameter (D).

3. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said inner diameter (D) has a predetermined size ranging between 40 mm and 50 mm and preferably equal to approximately 45 mm so as to be smaller than those of traditional bottles and to reduce the transversal encumbrance of the supporting frame (2).
4. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said arms (4, 5) and said post (3) are unitarily formed and in that they have a substantially plate configuration with plane cross-section so as to define a monolithic supporting frame.
5. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) is formed starting from a metal plate or from a plastic sheet.
6. Support for bottle according to claim 1, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) is provided with one or more lightening holes (11, 12, 13) peripherally located along said arms.
7. Support structure according to claim 1, characterised in that said supporting frame (2) is provided with means for gripping the bottle located along said arms.
8. Support structure according to claim 7, characterised in that said gripping means comprise at least a resilient pad (17, 19, 23).
9. Support structure according to claim 7, characterised in that said gripping means comprise at least a planar element (15, 20, 22) made of a relatively rigid material that houses internally thereof a pad made of a resiliently flexible material.

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10. Support structure according to claim 9, characterised in that said resiliently flexible pad comprises a rigid spherical member (16) held in place by a boss (17) made of a resiliently flexible material.
11. Support structure according to claim 9 or 10, characterised in that said resiliently flexible material is chosen in the group comprising gels, rubbers or plastic materials.
12. Support structure according to claim 7, characterised in that said gripping means comprises at least a pad (24) of rubber or plastic material located along said post (3).
13. Support structure according to claim 12, characterised in that each pad (24) has at least one transverse chevron groove (25) so shaped to permit downward insertion and preventing easy upward removal of a bottle within said support frame (2).
14. Support structure according to claim 7, characterised in that said gripping means further comprises at least one rubber or plastics lip (26) fitted onto the upper edges of said arms (4, 5) to further hold the bottle (B) upon location thereof into said supporting frame (2).

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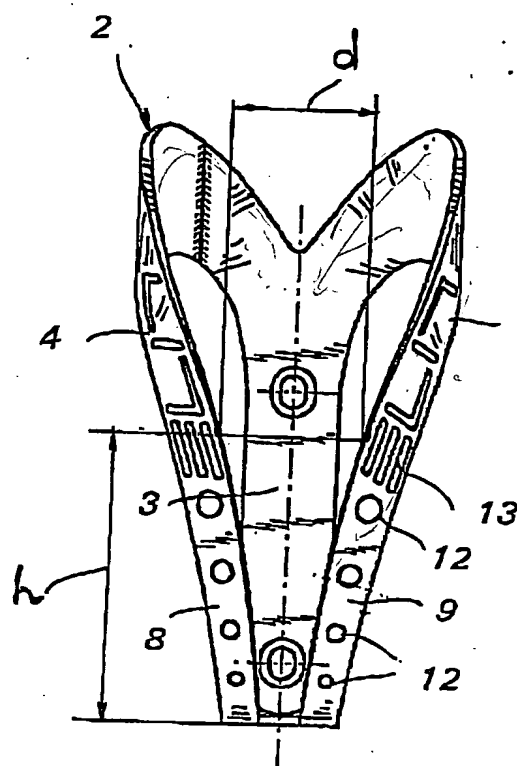


Fig. 1

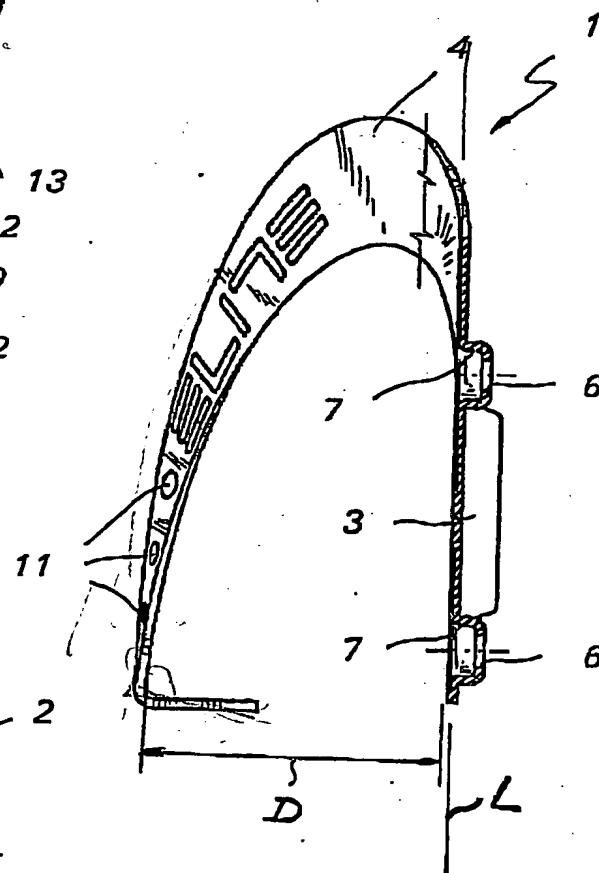


Fig. 2

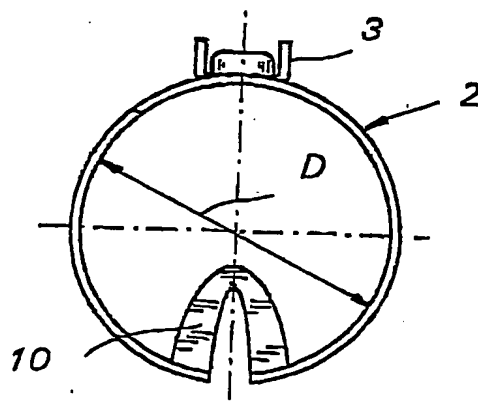
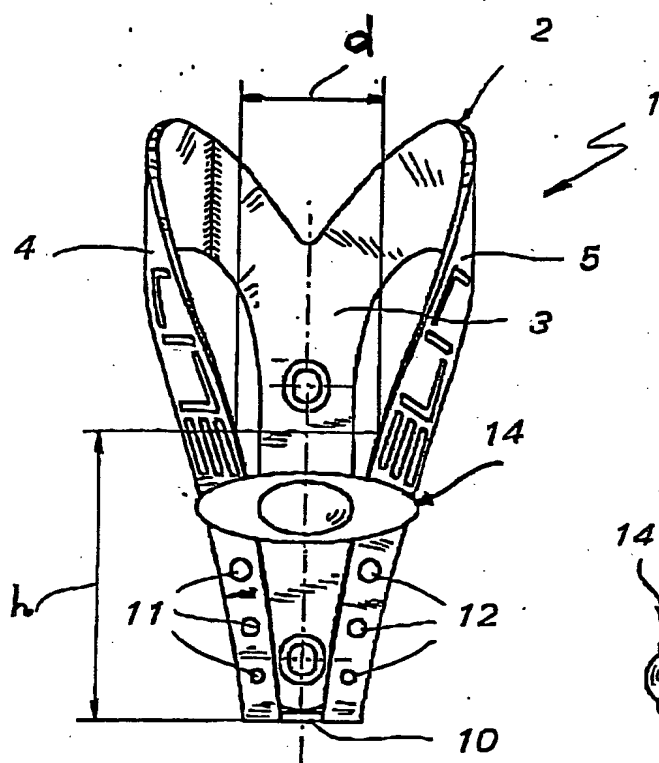
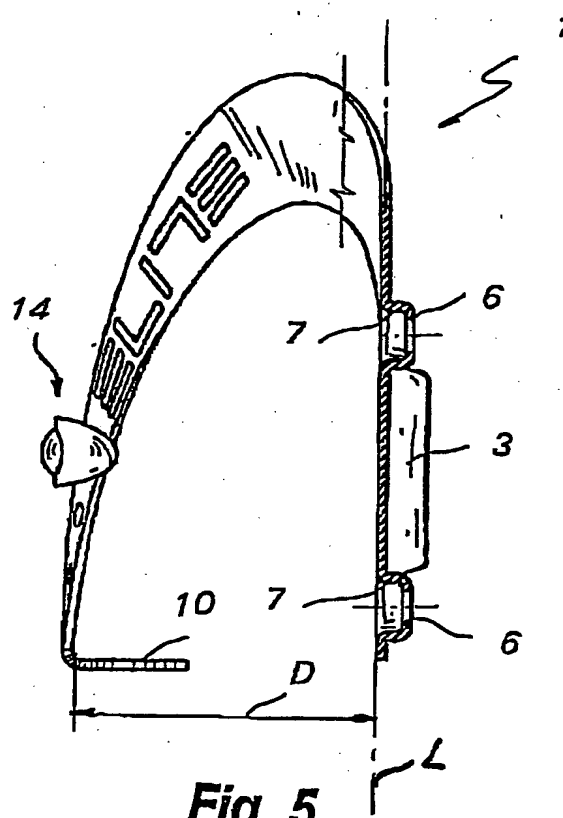
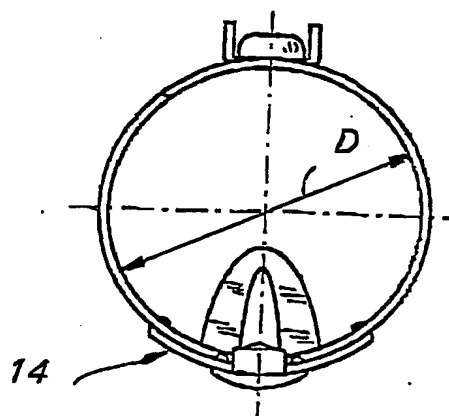
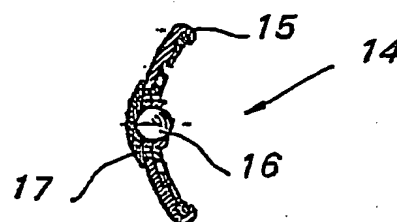


Fig. 3

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**Fig. 4****Fig. 5****Fig. 6****Fig. 7**

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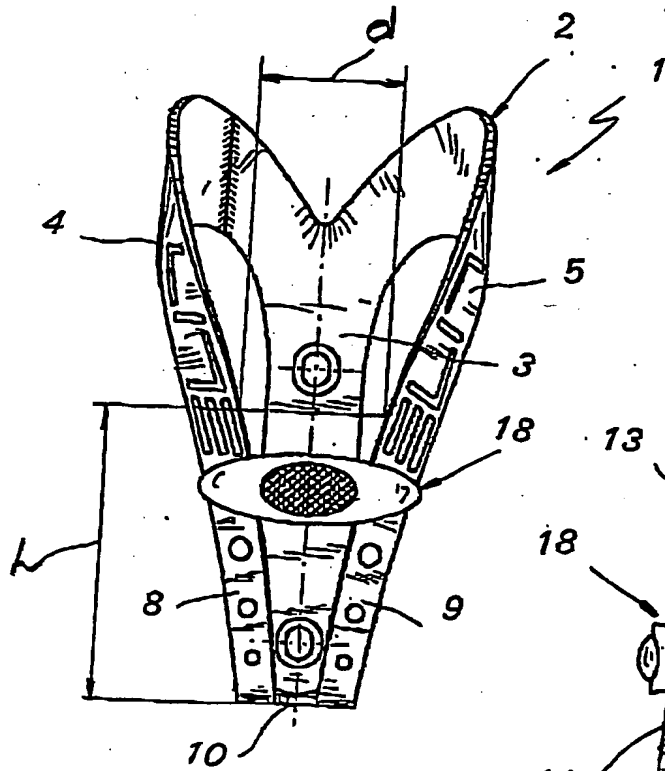


Fig. 8

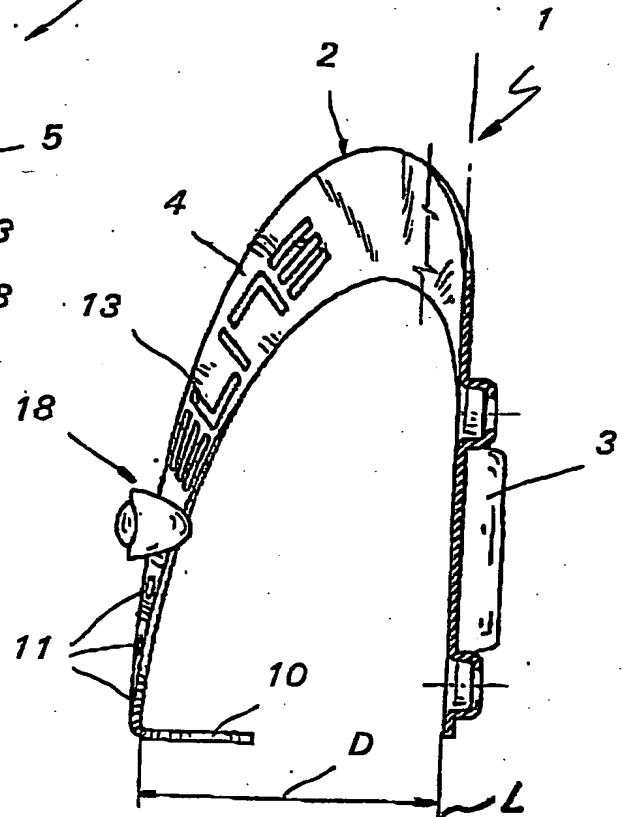


Fig. 9

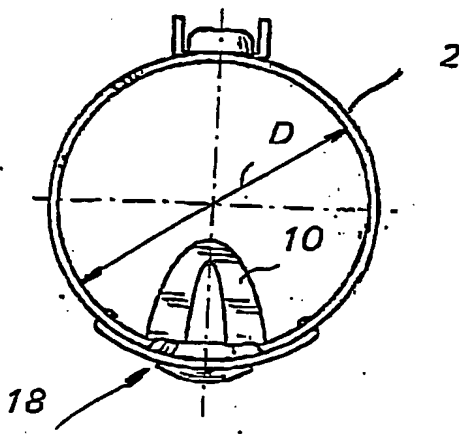


Fig. 10

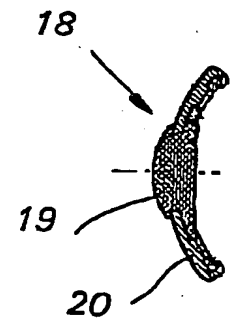


Fig. 11

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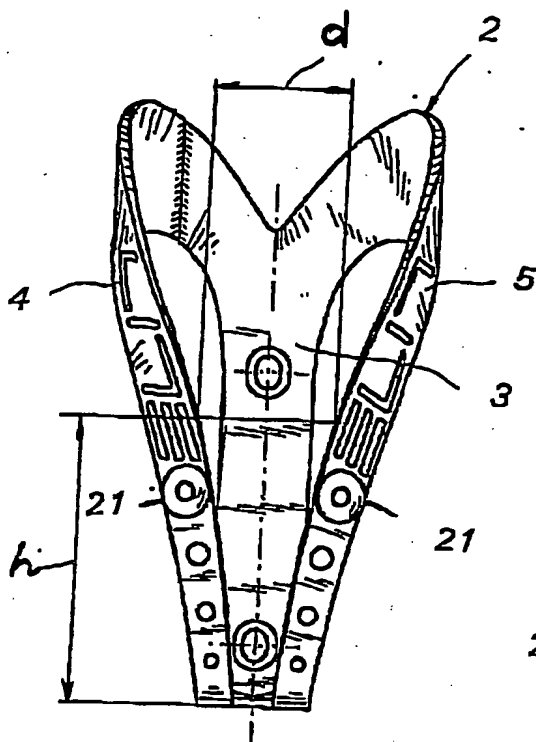


Fig. 12

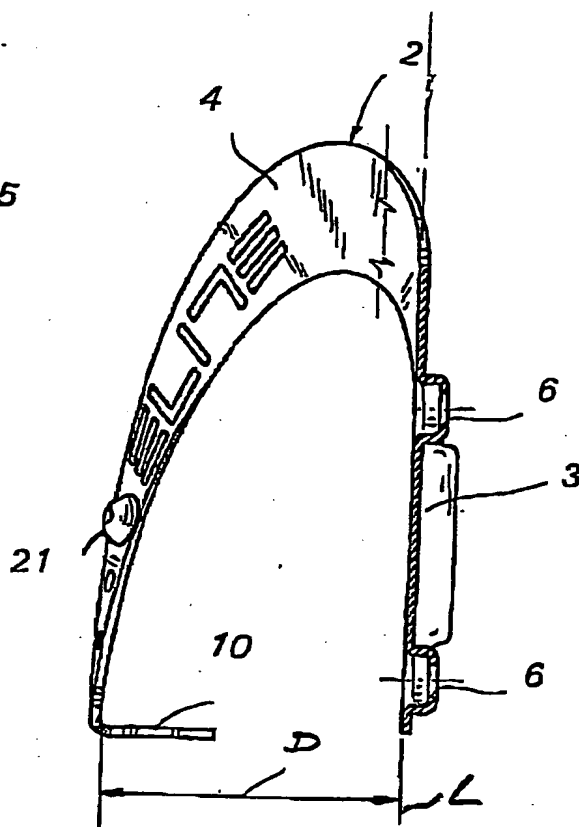


Fig. 13

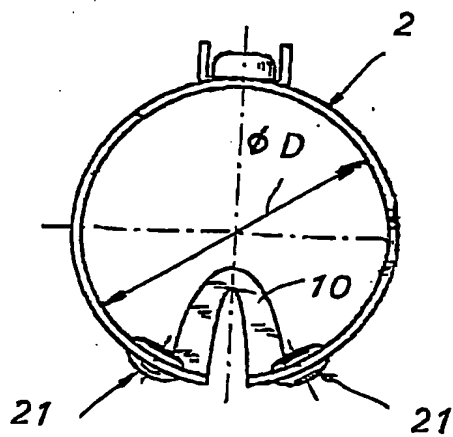


Fig. 14

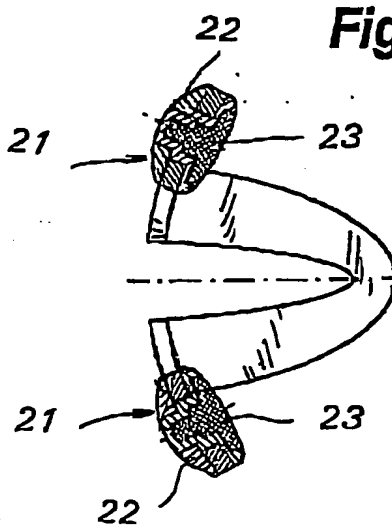


Fig. 15

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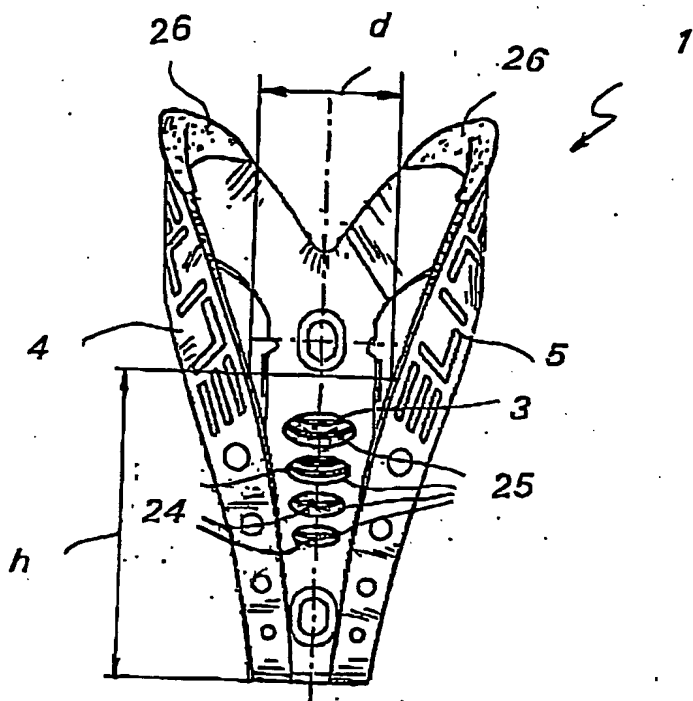


Fig. 16

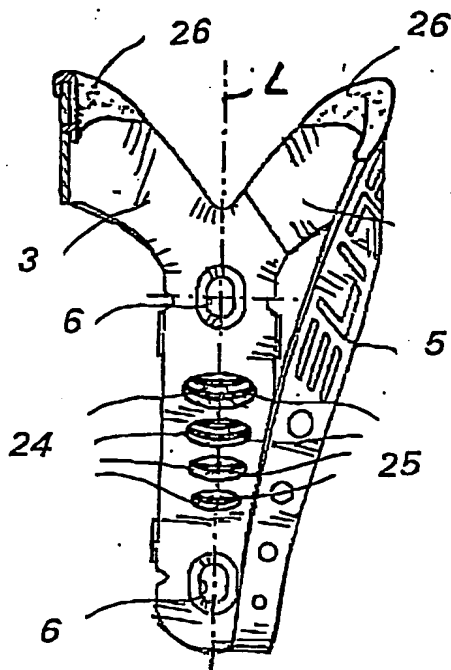


Fig. 18

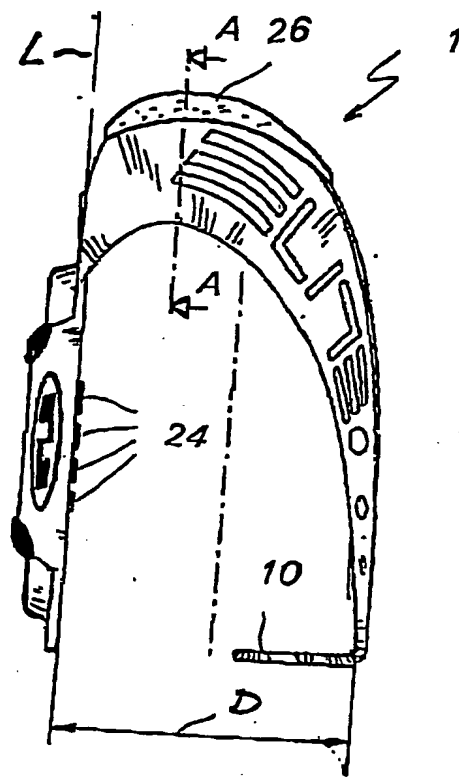


Fig. 17

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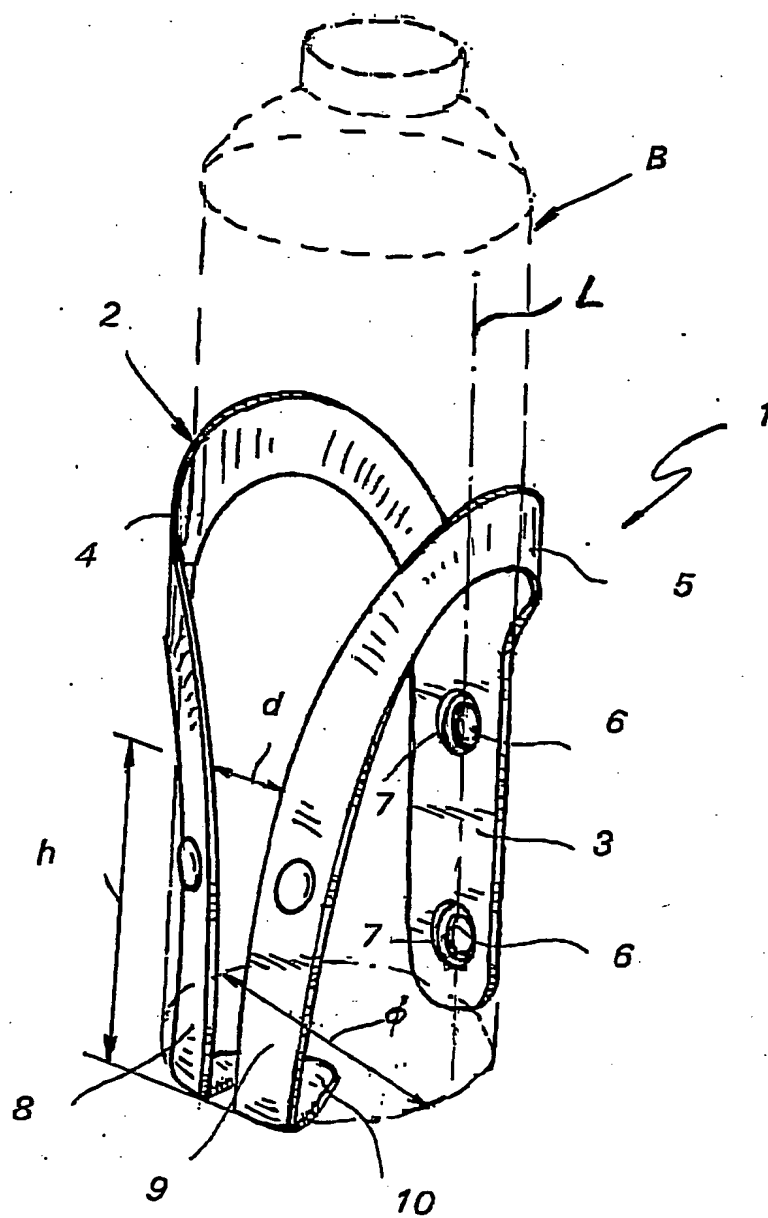


Fig. 19

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